

Plants for Screening and Privacy

Plant	Height	Width	Spacing	Comments
Thuja Green Giant	20-40'	12-20'	5-10'	Disease rest.
Emerald Thuja	8-12'	3-4'	2-5'	Disease rest.
Chindo Viburnum	12-20'	8-10'	4-6'	White bloom/red berry
Wax Myrtle	15-20'	15'	5-10'	Drought/sand/sun tolerant
Thorny Eleagnus	10-15'	10-15'	6-10'	Drought/sand/sun tolerant
Nellie Stevens Holly	15-20'	8-10'	4-6'	Drought tolerant
Oakleaf Holly	15-20'	8-10'	4-6'	Drought tolerant
Emily Bruner Holly	15-20'	8-10'	4-6'	Drought tolerant
Cleyera	10-15'	6-8'	4-6'	Drought tolerant
Sasanqua Camellia	10'	6-8'	4-6'	Flowering/slow grower
Fortune's tea olive	15-20'	15-20'	8-12'	Fragrant/deer resistant

To promote quick growth with any tree or shrub the most important things you can do are:

- Remove grass from the planting area since turf is extremely competitive with tree and shrub roots for water and nutrients.
- Water plants once a week from April through November if it does not rain – drip systems or soaker hoses work best.
- Prepare the soil well before planting. This includes incorporating compost into the soil, tilling in any lime or nutrients recommended by soil test results, and cultivating the soil to a depth of 6" to 8". Apply a slow release fertilizer (example, Osmocote) or an organic fertilizer (example, Plant-tone) in March following the rate listed on the directions.